This week, fighting between the Burma Army and the joint forces of the Kachin Independence Army (KIA) was reported in Kachin State (Waingmaw), Shan State (Namtu), and Sagaing Region (Katha, and Inndaw). Over the week, there were clashes between the BA and PDFs in Sagaing Region (Yinmabin, Taze, Kantbalu, Palae, Minkin, Kani, Pahaungpyin, and Kawlin), Kachin State (Shwegu), Shan State (Nawngkhi), Magway Region (Htilin, Yesagyo, Myaing, Pauk, and Gangaw), and Tanintharyi Region (Pulaw). Additionally, the BA and its allies clashed with the joint forces of the KNLA/KNDO in Karen State (Hpapun and Myawaddy) and Mon State (Kyaikto); with the Cobra force in Karen State (Myawaddy-Wawlay); with the joint forces of KAKNDF in Karenni State (Demoso, Hpruso, and Shaday); with the AA in Rakheeb State (Maungdaw), Chin State (Paletwa); and with the Chin Defense Force (CDF) in Sagaing Region (Kalay). The BA’s aerial attacks were also reported in Kachin State (Monyin district), Sagaing Region (Katha, Kyunla, and Butalin), Karen State (Myawaddy-Wawlay), and Bago Region (KNU-Mone).

The ambush attacks on BA’s troops, BA’s checkpoints, BA’s bases and military convoy/vehicles were reported in Sagaing Region (Ayardaw, Yinmabin, Chaung-U, Salingyi, Shwebo, Myinmu, Khin-U, and Inndaw), Mon State (Ye), Tanintharyi Region (Thayet Chaung), Magway Region (Htilin), Ayeyarwady Region (Kyaiktlat), and Mandalay Region (Madaya).

This week, violence against regime informants and collaborators, and around government offices and junta’s assets was reported in Kachin State (Hpakant - informant), Karenni State (Bawlake - asset), Sagaing Region (Monywar - Police Station, and Tamu - court), Yangon Region (Twante - informants, Hlaing, Mayan Gone - court, South Dagon - administrator, Insein - main prison, and North Okkalapa - administrator), Magway Region (Saw - informant with family, and Pakokku), Mandalay Region (Amarapura - informant, Chan Mya Tharsi - Police station, Pathein Gyi - staff, and Pyi Gyi Tagon - informant), Ayeyarwady Region (Myaungmya - GAD office), and Tanintharyi Region (Yay Phyu - administrators).

### Humanitarian Crisis and Human Rights Violations

- Over the week, bomb explosion by unknown groups were reported in Kachin State (Myitkyina, Mogaung-a highschool), Nay Pyi Taw, Sagaing Region (Khin-U), and Yangon Region (Hlaing Tharyar).
- On August 19 in Bago, the BA court sentenced a journalist’s wife to 10 years in prison. She was detained when she visited her husband on November 27, 2021.
- On August 19 and 20 in Pauk, Magway Region, the BA raided and torched 3 villages.
- On August 20 in Amarapura, Mandalay Region, the BA arrested lecturers from Yadana Pone university who participated in CDM.
- On August 20 in Yangon, the BA arrested 2 young people who participated in the famous 8888 umbrella strike.
- On August 20 in Mogaung, Kachin State, a landmine killed a civilian and injured his wife. They were out searching for vegetables at the time.
- On August 20 in Demoso, Karenni State, the BA’s artillery shell killed a 12-year-old boy.
- On August 21 in Gangaw, Magway Region, over 1000 people from 4 villages fled because the BA troops moved into their villages.

### Crisis in Sagaing Region

- On August 21 in Inndaw, the BA arrested a man who was hospitalized with malaria together with his two companions. They were accused of being PDF members.
- On August 21 in Phaungbyin, the BA shot randomly around the villages along the Chindwin river from their ships, and injured two locals including a child.
- On August 22 in Phaungbyin, the BA raided and torched houses in Thanga village and killed at least 4 people.
- On August 22 in Khin-U, a bomb explosion by unknown groups in downtown killed a young man and injured two people.
- On August 23 in Khin-U, the BA’s artillery shell hit a few villages and injured 5 villagers.
On August 22 in Karenni State, the IDPs were struggling because of the increasing food and commodity price.

On August 22 in Twante, Yangon Region, the BA detained and tortured about 20 residents a few hours after 4 informants were shot dead.

On August 23 in Hpakant, Kachin State, the displaced people from Sezin village were in urgent need of food and healthcare assistance.

On August 24 in Hpakant, Kachin State, the BA killed 6 men who were trapped at Sezin village.

On August 24 in Paletwa, Chin State, a woman was killed in a landmine explosion while she was looking for her husband who had disappeared for 3 days.

On August 24 in Mandalay, after more than one month of interrogation, the BA court sentenced a former journalist to three years in prison. He was charged under Section 505 A.

On August 24 in Myeik, Tanintharyi Region, the BA shot and killed two men who came back from work by motorbike.

On August 24 in Mandalay, a resistance group (Tiger Force Mandalay) publicly apologized after mistakenly killing a married couple instead of a BA police officer. They promised to accept any punishment in a future criminal prosecution under a civilian government.

It was reported on August 25, the BA arrested a gems merchant for allegedly supporting the NUG and seized his assets, including land, buildings, machinery and 193 tons of raw jade, estimated to be nearly 12 billion kyats.

On August 25 in Yinmabin, over 2000 civilians from 7 villages fled because the BA troops were randomly shooting around.

On August 26 in Mandalay, a resistance group (Tiger Force Mandalay) publicly apologized after mistakenly killing a married couple instead of a BA police officer. They promised to accept any punishment in a future criminal prosecution under a civilian government.

It was reported on August 25, the BA arrested a gems merchant for allegedly supporting the NUG and seized his assets, including land, buildings, machinery and 193 tons of raw jade, estimated to be nearly 12 billion kyats.

On August 26 in Myeik, Tanintharyi Region, the BA shot and killed two men who came back from work by motorbike.

On August 24, the BA arrested former British ambassador to Myanmar, Vicky Bowman, and her husband, and charged them with violating the Immigration Act.

It was reported on August 25 that in Karenni State, the Karenni State Police (KSP) which was formed after the coup handled (235) cases in one year.

On August 25, the Karenni National Progressive Party (KNPP) stated that the BA had abandoned a total of 13 bases in Karenni State since the coup.